Safety & Instruction Manual

PPK - PPK/S Pistols

Read the instructions and warnings in this manual CAREFULLY BEFORE using this firearm.

2100 Roosevelt Avenue • Springfield, MA  01104
1-800-372-6454 • Fax:  413-747-3682
www.waltheramerica.com

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WARNING
READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS CAREFULLY. BE SURE YOU UNDERSTAND THESE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS BEFORE USING THIS FIREARM. FAILURE TO READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS AND TO FOLLOW THESE WARNINGS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU AND OTHERS AND DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

This SAFETY & INSTRUCTION MANUAL should always accompany this firearm and be transferred with it upon change of ownership or when presented to another person. A copy of the SAFETY & INSTRUCTION MANUAL is available FREE upon request from:

WALTHER CUSTOMER SUPPORT CENTER
2100 ROOSEVELT AVENUE
SPRINGFIELD, MA 01104
TEL.: 1-800-372-6454
customerservice@waltheramerica.com
SAFETY IS YOUR NUMBER ONE RESPONSIBILITY!!!!

At home, in the field, at the range, or anywhere, the first concern of every firearm owner should be safety. Apply the following safety rules in every situation, with any kind of firearm. If you feel uncertain about any operational aspects of your firearm, please contact Walther at 1-800-372-6454 before proceeding with its operation.

WARNING: YOU MUST FOLLOW ALL OF THESE SAFETY RULES TO ENSURE THE SAFE USE OF YOUR FIREARM. THE FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS IN THIS MANUAL COULD CAUSE SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU OR OTHERS AND DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

As a firearm owner, you accept a demanding responsibility. How serious you take this responsibility can be the difference between life and death. There is no excuse for careless or abusive handling of your firearm. At all times handle your firearm with intense respect for its power and potential danger.
YOUR SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES CONT’D

• **ALWAYS KEEP YOUR FIREARM POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.** Never point a firearm at anyone or anything you do not intend to shoot whether or not it is loaded. This is particularly important when loading, unloading, or field stripping the firearm. ALWAYS control the direction of the firearm.

• **ALWAYS TREAT EVERY FIREARM AS IF IT IS LOADED AND WILL FIRE.** Do not take anyone’s word that the firearm is unloaded – always check for yourself. Never pass your firearm to another person until the cylinder or action is open and you visually check that it is unloaded. Keep your firearm unloaded and safely stored when not in use.

• **NEVER PLACE YOUR FINGER INSIDE THE TRIGGER GUARD OR ON THE TRIGGER UNLESS YOU INTEND TO FIRE.** Ensure that other objects do not touch the trigger.

• **ALWAYS BE SURE OF YOUR TARGET AND WHAT IS BEYOND IT.** Always be sure of where the bullet will strike and shoot only where there is a safe back stop free of obstructions, water or other surfaces which can cause ricochets. Be sure your bullet will stop behind your target. Bullets can glance off many surfaces like rocks or the surface of water and travel in unpredictable directions with considerable velocity. Do not fire randomly into the sky.

• **NEVER CROSS OBSTACLES SUCH AS FENCES OR STREAMS WITH A LOADED FIREARM.** Always make certain your firearm is unloaded before crossing a fence, climbing a tree, jumping a ditch or negotiating other obstacles.

• **SAFE FIREARM HANDLING IS YOUR PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY AT ALL TIMES.** Firearms are dangerous and can cause serious injury or death if they are misused or used inappropriately. Safety must be the prime consideration of any one who owns or handles firearms. Accidents are the result of violating the rules of safe firearm handling and common sense. Firearm safety training is available. Contact your firearms dealer, law enforcement agency, local sportsman’s club, etc. for availability.

• **YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE FIREARM AT ALL TIMES.** In owning a firearm, you must undertake full-time responsibility for your firearm’s safety and security. You must protect yourself and all others against injury or death from misuse of the firearm 24 hours a day.

• **FIREARM SECURITY IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.** You must secure firearms safely from children and/or unauthorized users. Your firearm should always be kept unloaded and locked when not in use. A lock has been provided for this purpose. Never assume that the use of this lock is sufficient to safely secure your firearm. You must always evaluate your personal situation and employ the security systems that meet your needs and prevent children and unauthorized users from gaining access to your firearm.
YOUR SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES CONT’D

• APPROPRIATE USE FOR YOUR FIREARM MEANS USING YOUR FIREARM FOR LEGAL PURPOSES. For example - target shooting, hunting and lawful resistance of deadly criminal force. It is your responsibility to ensure that you are in compliance with all applicable laws and ordinances regarding the use of your firearm.

• NEVER RELY ON MECHANICAL FEATURES ALONE. Only your safe firearm-handling habits will ensure the safe use of your firearm. This is your responsibility.

• ALWAYS SAFELY STORE AND SECURE YOUR FIREARM. Safe and secure storage of your firearm is one of your most important responsibilities. It is a full-time responsibility. You must always secure your firearm and ammunition separately so that they are not accessible to children and/or other unauthorized persons.

• NEVER KEEP AMMUNITION IN THE SAME LOCATION AS THE FIREARM. Store each in a separate and secure place.

• ALWAYS WEAR EYE PROTECTION THAT IS SPECIFIED FOR USE WITH FIREARMS every time you handle your firearm for cleaning and maintenance.

• ALWAYS WEAR EYE AND EAR PROTECTORS THAT ARE SPECIFIED FOR USE WITH FIREARMS every time you discharge your firearm. Make sure others in the vicinity of where you will be shooting do so as well.

• NEVER USE ALCOHOL OR DRUGS BEFORE OR WHILE SHOOTING. Do not use your firearm if you are on any medication which impairs, even slightly, your mental or physical ability.

• ALWAYS HAVE ADEQUATE VENTILATION. Discharging firearms in poorly ventilated areas, cleaning firearms, or handling ammunition may result in exposure to lead and other substances known to cause birth defects, reproductive harm, and other serious physical injury. Review the warnings and labels for all ammunition and cleaning products carefully. Wash hands thoroughly after exposure.

• BEFORE HANDLING ANY FIREARM, UNDERSTAND ITS OPERATION. Not all firearms are the same. Familiarize yourself with the mechanical features of any firearm you intend to use. If you feel uncertain about any operational aspects of your firearm, please contact Walther at 1-800-372-6454 before proceeding with its operation.

• NEVER ALLOW A FIREARM TO BE USED BY INDIVIDUALS WHO DO NOT UNDERSTAND ITS SAFE OPERATION OR HAVE NOT READ THESE FIREARM SAFETY RULES.
• **ALWAYS USE THE CORRECT AMMUNITION FOR YOUR PARTICULAR FIREARM** as indicated by the marking on the firearm. Never use non-standard, reloaded, or “handloaded” ammunition which has not been subjected to internal ballistic pressure testing.

• **BEWARE OF BARREL OBSTRUCTIONS** Be sure the barrel is clear of obstructions before shooting. Mud, water, snow or other objects may inadvertently lodge in the barrel bore. A small obstruction can cause a dangerous increase in pressure and may damage your firearm and cause injury to yourself and others.

• **BE SURE ALL ACCESSORIES, SUCH AS HOLSTERS, GRIPS, SLINGS, SCOPES AND OTHER ACCESSORIES ARE COMPATIBLE** with the firearm and that the accessories do not interfere with safe operation. It is your responsibility to understand and follow all of the instructions in this manual, as well as those which may be supplied with your ammunition and any accessory.

• **NEVER DISASSEMBLE YOUR FIREARM** beyond the field stripping procedure outlined in this manual. Improper disassembly or reassembly of your firearm may be dangerous and can lead to serious injury or death.

• **NEVER MANIPULATE, ADJUST OR CHANGE ANY OF THE INTERNAL COMPONENTS OF YOUR FIREARM UNLESS SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED TO DO SO IN THIS MANUAL.** Improper manipulation of any other internal component may affect the safety and reliability of your firearm and may cause serious injury or death.

• **NEVER ALLOW ANY ALTERATION OR REPLACEMENT OF PARTS IN YOUR WALTHER FIREARM UNLESS PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED GUNSMITH** using genuine Walther parts. If you do otherwise, improper functioning of your firearm may occur and serious injury or death and damage to property may result.

**WARNING: SAFE USE OF A FIREARM IS YOUR PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY AND THE FAILURE TO FOLLOW ALL OF THESE BASIC SAFETY RULES MAY RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU OR OTHERS AND DAMAGE TO PROPERTY. YOU ARE THE MOST IMPORTANT SAFETY DEVICE WHEN IT COMES TO THE USE OF YOUR FIREARM AND NEITHER WALTHER NOR SMITH & WESSON WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH OR PROPERTY DAMAGE THAT RESULTS FROM: (1) THE CRIMINAL OR NEGLIGENT USE OF THIS FIREARM; (2) A DISREGARD OF THESE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS; (3) IMPROPER OR CARELESS HANDLING OF THIS FIREARM; (4) THE USE OF NON-STANDARD, DEFECTIVE, IMPROPER OR RELOADED AMMUNITION; OR (5) IMPROPER OR NEGLIGENT MODIFICATIONS OR REPAIRS TO THE FIREARM.**
**SAFE STORAGE & TRANSPORTATION**

**WARNING:** ALWAYS POINT THE MUZZLE IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

**WARNING:** FIREARMS ARE DANGEROUS WHEN USED AND STORED IMPROPERLY. THEY POSE A RISK OF SERIOUS OR FATAL INJURIES. FIREARMS CAN BE ESPECIALLY DANGEROUS TO CHILDREN WHEN THEY ARE STORED IN AN IRRESPONSIBLE AND UNSAFE MANNER. FOR YOUR SAFETY AND THE SAFETY OF OTHERS, IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT YOU KEEP YOUR FIREARM LOCKED AND UNLOADED IN A SECURE PLACE. THE AMMUNITION SHOULD BE STORED IN A SEPARATE, SECURE LOCATION WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE. SAFE AND SECURE STORAGE OF YOUR FIREARM IS ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT RULES OF FIREARM SAFETY. YOUR FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE RULES MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU OR OTHERS.

- **ALWAYS SECURE YOUR FIREARM IN A MANNER THAT WILL PREVENT UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS.** Whenever your firearm is not in use, keep it unloaded and locked. Your safety and the safety of others requires that you always secure and store your firearm in a manner that will prevent unauthorized access. Never leave a firearm unattended unless it is locked, unloaded and secured.

- **ALWAYS USE THE LOCK PROVIDED BY WALTHER TO SECURE YOUR FIREARM.** Please read and follow the instructions packaged separately for the use of this lock. A lock, when properly used, can be an effective tool in preventing unauthorized access to your firearm. There are other alternative locks and safe storage containers available in the marketplace which may also be appropriate for your particular needs. Consult your local gun shop, hardware store, or local police department for guidance on the variety of other safe storage devices or practices which may be appropriate for your particular needs. By purchasing this firearm you have accepted the responsibility of safely securing the firearm at all times and preventing its unauthorized use. Never assume that the use of this lock alone is sufficient to safely secure your firearm. It is your personal responsibility to select and use whatever measures or practices that will enable you to be absolutely certain that your firearm is secure at all times.

**WARNING:** NEVER LOCK A LOADED FIREARM AND NEVER LOAD A LOCKED FIREARM!!
• **ALWAYS STORE YOUR FIREARM AND AMMUNITION SEPARATELY** so that they are not accessible to children or other unauthorized persons. Safe and secure storage of your firearm and ammunition are your responsibility. It is a full-time responsibility.

• **NEVER ASSUME THAT A “HIDING” PLACE IS A SECURE STORAGE METHOD.** Others may be aware of your storage location or come upon it by chance. It is your personal responsibility to use common sense when storing your firearm and ammunition and to always make sure they are not accessible to children or other unauthorized persons.

• **NEVER TRANSPORT A LOADED FIREARM.** When transporting your firearm, be sure it is unloaded and locked. Safe and secure transportation of your firearm is your responsibility.

• **ALWAYS FOLLOW THE LAW!** Many jurisdictions have laws that make it a crime to keep a firearm unlocked and in an area accessible to children or others. Keeping a firearm locked and unloaded when not in use is not only common sense safety practice... IT IS THE LAW. You must be familiar with all local, state, and federal laws regarding the safe storage and transportation of your firearm. Failure to know and follow the law may result in unauthorized access or use of your firearm by another. Obey all laws relating to the storage and transportation of firearms. Your local police department or gun shop can furnish you with available information on storing and/or transporting a firearm safely and legally.

• **YOUR FIREARM IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.** You must prevent your firearm from being stolen or from being used by untrained or unqualified individuals. Keep it locked, unloaded and secured when not in use.
WARNING: NEVER USE AMMUNITION NOT SPECIFICALLY DESIGNATED FOR USE IN YOUR FIREARM. FAILURE TO USE THE CORRECT TYPE OR CALIBER OF AMMUNITION MAY CAUSE THE FIREARM TO JAM, FAIL TO FIRE OR EVEN GENERATE EXCESSIVE PRESSURE WHICH CAN DAMAGE OR EVEN RUPTURE YOUR FIREARM, CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

Locate the cartridge designation marked on the firearm. This information indicates the correct ammunition that must be used in this firearm (Figure 1).

You are responsible for selecting ammunition that meets industry standards and is appropriate in type and caliber for this firearm.

Never use a cartridge not specifically designated for use in your firearm. The wrong type of ammunition may exceed the capability of your firearm and may damage or even rupture your firearm.

Never mix ammunition.

In some cases, a round of ammunition not specified on your firearm may fit into the chamber. Firing ammunition not specified on your firearm may cause it to rupture and cause serious injury or death to you or others.

Always inspect your ammunition before using it. Never use dirty, corroded or damaged ammunition which can lead to a burst cartridge which may cause damage to the firearm and personal injury or death.

Use only commercially manufactured ammunition with internal ballistic pressures which are in strict accordance with the specifications of the Sporting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers’ Institute (SAAMI). If you are uncertain, contact your ammunition supplier for verification.
WARNING: NEVER USE NON-STANDARD, RELOADED OR “HANDLOADED” AMMUNITION WHICH HAS NOT BEENSUBJECTED TO INTERNAL BALLISTIC PRESSURE TESTING. RELOADED OR HANDLOADED AMMUNITION, MAY HAVE MANY MANUFACTURING AND QUALITY VARIABLES (SUCH AS THE TYPE AND AMOUNT OF GUN POWDER). ANY AMMUNITION THAT IS IMPROPERLY MANUFACTURED, EVEN IN THE SLIGHTEST DEGREE, MAY FAIL TO FIRE OR MAY GENERATE EXCESSIVE INTERNAL PRESSURES WHICH CAN DAMAGE OR EVEN RUPTURE THE FIREARM, CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO THE SHOOTER OR THOSE IN THE IMMEDIATE VICINITY.

A firearm and ammunition are a system and must work together. There are different types of ammunition for different types of firearms. Your firearm has been designed for ammunition of a specific type and a specific gauge or caliber. It is important to select the proper ammunition for your firearm.

Different combinations of bullet velocity, bullet weight and firearm weight can have major impact on felt recoil; high felt recoil can be uncomfortable to some shooters.

For example:
- Firearm Weight: lower firearm weight increases felt recoil.
- Bullet Weight: higher bullet weight increases felt recoil.
- Bullet Velocity: higher bullet velocity increases felt recoil.

To acclimate yourself to higher levels of felt recoil, consider the following:
- Use a firm two-hand hold on the grip when firing.
- Always start your shooting experience with the lowest bullet velocity and lowest bullet weight available for your firearm.
- Ask your firearm dealer to suggest the lowest power, lowest velocity, lightest bullet weight for your firearm.

WARNING: NEVER USE AMMUNITION OF THE INCORRECT GAUGE OR CALIBER. USING AMMUNITION OF THE INCORRECT GAUGE OR CALIBER MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO YOUR FIREARM AND POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY TO YOU AND TO OTHERS.
WARNING: NEVER USE CARTRIDGES OTHER THAN THOSE DESIGNATED BY THE MARKING ON THE FIREARM. DOING SO CAN RESULT IN DANGEROUSLY HIGH PRESSURES THAT MAY DAMAGE THE FIREARM AND POSSIBLY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY TO YOURSELF AND OTHERS.

WARNING: DEATH, SERIOUS INJURY AND DAMAGE CAN RESULT FROM THE USE OF INCORRECT AMMUNITION OR BORE OBSTRUCTIONS. NEVER USE RELOADS OF ANY KIND.

“Plus-P” (+P) ammunition generates pressures in excess of the pressures associated with standard ammunition. Such pressures may affect the wear characteristics or exceed the margin of safety. Use of “Plus-P” ammunition may result in the need for more frequent service.

“Plus-P-Plus” (+P+) ammunition is not recommended for use in Walther firearms. This marking on the ammunition designates that it exceeds established industry standards, but the designation does not represent defined pressure limits and therefore such ammunition may vary significantly as to the pressures generated and could be DANGEROUS.

Some brands of ammunition may cause difficulty in extracting spent cartridge cases from the chamber. If this situation occurs, thoroughly clean the chamber with solvent. If this condition persists, we recommend changing to another brand of ammunition.
WARNING: ALWAYS ENSURE THAT THE FIREARM IS UNLOADED BEFORE INSPECTING OR ASSEMBLING.

• When you inspect your pistol, you should first check for yourself to ensure that it is unloaded. To do this, grasp the pistol with your finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard, point the pistol in a safe direction, rotate the decocking safety lever fully down into the (SAFE) position as shown (Figure 3). Then depress the magazine release and remove the magazine.

WARNING: WALTHER PPK AND PPK/S PISTOLS ARE DESIGNED SO THAT THEY ARE ABLE TO FIRE WHEN THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED. THEREFORE, IF THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED FROM THE PISTOL AND THERE IS A LOADED ROUND IN THE CHAMBER, IT WILL FIRE IF THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. AFTER INSERTING A MAGAZINE, ALWAYS TEST TO MAKE SURE IT IS LOCKED IN PLACE BY APPLYING SOME REMOVAL PRESSURE TO THE EXPOSED PORTION OF THE MAGAZINE BUTT PLATE.

• Point the muzzle in a safe direction, grasp the serrated sides of the slide from the rear with the thumb and fingers as shown in Figure 4, and briskly draw the slide fully rearward in order to extract any cartridge from the barrel chamber and clear it from the pistol.

• Do not obstruct the ejection port because doing so can interfere with ejection of a cartridge. Release the slide.

NOTE: In normal operation, when the slide is released from the open position and is allowed to return to the fully closed position with the decocking safety lever in the down (SAFE) position (as shown in Figure 3), the hammer will fall against the decocking safety body.

• Insert an empty magazine into the pistol. Pull the slide fully back and then release it to lock it open.

• Remove the magazine.

• Check the barrel chamber and bore visually for cartridges or obstructions (Figure 5).
Examine the breech face (Figure 6) to ensure that the firing pin is not protruding from the breech face (Figures 6 & 7).

Ensure that the slide moves freely along the frame through its full length of travel (Figure 8).

You must follow this procedure every time your firearm leaves your hand, is cleaned, handed to another person, transported or stored.

To unload a loaded magazine, hold it with the bullet end of the cartridge pointing away from you and others and press each cartridge forward and out of the magazine.

To close the slide on an unloaded pistol, first remove the magazine and then pull the slide fully back and release it (Figure 9).

Familiarize yourself with the safety decocking lever on your pistol. When the safety decocking lever is fully up (parallel to the top of the slide) (Figure 11) it is in the (FIRE) position; when the safety decocking lever is fully down (Figure 10), it is in the (SAFE) position. Notice how the safety decocking lever looks and feels in each of the two positions of its extreme travel - fully up for (FIRE) and fully down for (SAFE).
Your pistol may have a red dot which is totally visible when the safety decocking lever is in the (FIRE) position; however, do not rely on your inability to see a red dot as the only indication that the safety decocking lever is engaged.

**WARNING:** NEVER RELY ON MECHANICAL FEATURES ALONE. ONLY YOUR SAFE FIREARM HANDLING WILL ENSURE THE SAFE USE OF YOUR FIREARM. THIS IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY.

**WARNING:** PLEASE BE ADVISED THAT OTHER MODEL OR BRAND PISTOLS MAY HAVE A SAFETY OR DECOCKING LEVER THAT OPERATES DIFFERENTLY.

### LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR

**WARNING:** WHEN VIEWING THE LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR, YOU MUST ALWAYS REMEMBER TO KEEP THE FIREARM POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION WITH YOUR FINGER OFF THE TRIGGER AND OUT OF THE TRIGGER GUARD.

- Currently manufactured Walther PPK and PPK/S pistols come with a loaded chamber indicator. This indicator can be observed by looking at the rear of the slide just above the hammer (Figure 12) noting a small hole. If the firearm’s chamber is loaded, you will observe a silver pin protruding from this hole. (Figure 13)

**WARNING:** NEVER RELY UPON THE LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR ALONE TO VERIFY THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER. THE SUREST METHOD TO DETERMINE THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER IS TO VISUALLY CHECK THE CHAMBER OF YOUR FIREARM BY REMOVING THE MAGAZINE AND PULLING AND LOCKING THE SLIDE IN THE OPEN POSITION.

PREPARATION FOR FIRING

WARNING: THE FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE FIREARM SAFETY REQUIREMENTS WILL CAUSE SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU OR OTHERS.

• ALWAYS TREAT ALL FIREARMS AS IF THEY WERE LOADED.

• ALWAYS BE SURE THAT ALL CYLINDERS AND ACTIONS OF FIREARMS ARE OPEN, THAT CHAMBERS ARE CLEAR OF CARTRIDGES OR SHELLS, MAGAZINES ARE REMOVED OR UNLOADED, AND THAT FIREARMS ARE POINTING IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

• ALWAYS KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER PARTS OF YOUR BODY AWAY FROM THE MUZZLE, AWAY FROM THE GAP BETWEEN THE REVOLVER BARREL AND CYLINDER, AND AWAY FROM THE PISTOL SLIDE AND EJECTION PORT.

• ALWAYS WEAR ADEQUATE AND PROPER EAR PROTECTORS SPECIFIED FOR FIREARM USE to prevent permanent damage to your hearing. Make sure others who are nearby are wearing ear protection as well.

• ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES SPECIFIED FOR FIREARM USE, whether indoors or out. Safety glasses should protect your eyes from the firing flash and particles associated with the discharge of ammunition. Failure to do so creates a risk of personal injury from particle or debris spitting or ricochets.

• ALWAYS BE ALERT AND ALWAYS FOLLOW THE SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS OF THE RANGE OFFICER. Never shoot if you are tired, cold or impaired in any way.

• ALWAYS BE AWARE OF OTHER PEOPLE so that persons cannot accidentally walk into the line of fire.
• **THE SHOOTER (AND ALL OTHERS IN THE SHOOTING AREA) MUST ALWAYS BE IN A POSITION THAT IS OUT OF THE LINE OF FIRE** and are not within an area where they may be struck by ricochets, particles spitting from a firearm, or by ejected cases from other types of firearms.

• **NEVER SHOOT AT HARD SURFACES, WATER OR RANDOMLY INTO THE SKY.** Always select a place to shoot that has a safe backstop and is free from obstructions and water surfaces which cause ricochets.

• **NEVER USE ALCOHOL OR DRUGS BEFORE OR WHILE SHOOTING OR HANDLING ANY FIREARM.**

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**LOADING**

**WARNING:** **ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.**

• Do not load your pistol until you have read and fully understand this manual.

• Do not load your pistol until you are ready to use it. Keep your finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard until you are ready to fire.

• Never load your pistol until you are sure of your target what is beyond and are fully prepared to fire.

**WARNING:** **WALTHER PPK AND PPK/S PISTOLS ARE DESIGNED SO THAT THEY ARE ABLE TO FIRE WHEN THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED. THEREFORE, IF THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED FROM THE PISTOL AND THERE IS A LOADED ROUND IN THE CHAMBER, IT WILL FIRE IF THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. AFTER INSERTING A MAGAZINE, ALWAYS TEST TO MAKE SURE IT IS LOCKED IN PLACE BY APPLYING SOME REMOVAL PRESSURE TO THE EXPOSED PORTION OF THE MAGAZINE BUTT PLATE.**

• Use only Walther magazines specifically manufactured for your particular model of pistol. Do not interchange magazines from one model pistol into another model pistol.

• Walther has provided you with a magazine designed to operate in your specific model of pistol. While your magazine may be able to be inserted into another model pistol, it will only function properly in the specific model for which it was designed.
Follow the instructions in this manual and any other specific instructions which may be marked onto, or accompany, a magazine. Failure to use the particular type of Walther magazine specified for your model and caliber of pistol may result in a malfunction.

Load the magazine by pressing a cartridge head (rear of cartridge) downward on the forward portion of the magazine follower (or downward on the case of the previously loaded cartridge) and sliding the cartridge fully under the lips of the magazine until the cartridge head is against the rear wall of the magazine (Figure 14). Repeat the procedure for the number of cartridges you wish to load, up to the magazine capacity. Do not attempt to load your magazine with more than the specified number of cartridges because doing so can cause a feeding failure.

Inspect your pistol as previously described in the “Inspecting Your Pistol” section. Hold the pistol in one hand while pointing it in a safe direction and with your finger off the trigger and outside the trigger guard. Insert the loaded magazine into the magazine well (opening) with enough force to ensure that it is locked in place.

WARNING: VERIFY THAT THE FIRING PIN IS NOT PROTRUDING FROM THE BREECH FACE

WARNING: DO NOT USE EXCESSIVE UPWARD FORCE WHEN INSERTING A LOADED MAGAZINE INTO THE PISTOL. EXCESSIVE UPWARD FORCE COULD CAUSE THE SLIDE TO MOVE FORWARD, CHAMBERING A ROUND AND MAKING THE PISTOL READY TO FIRE.

To make sure that the magazine is fully and securely inserted, apply some removal pressure to the exposed portion of the magazine butt plate.

Pull the slide firmly to the rear and release it completely allowing it to carry fully forward. This strips a cartridge from the magazine and seats it in the chamber of the barrel.

WARNING: IF THE CARTRIDGE FAILS TO STRIP FROM THE MAGAZINE OR FULLY SEAT INTO THE CHAMBER, IMMEDIATELY STOP THE LOADING PROCESS. REMOVE THE MAGAZINE, LOCK THE SLIDE OPEN AND VERIFY THAT THE CHAMBER IS EMPTY. REFER TO THE “INSPECTING YOUR PISTOL” SECTION OF THIS MANUAL.
LOADING CONT’D

WARNING: ALWAYS LOAD A ROUND INTO THE CHAMBER BY FEEDING IT FROM THE MAGAZINE. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS WARNING CAN RESULT IN SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH TO YOU OR OTHERS. NEVER ATTEMPT TO LOAD THE PISTOL BY INSERTING A ROUND INTO THE OPEN EJECTION PORT.

• To make sure that the magazine is fully and securely inserted, apply some removal pressure to the exposed portion of the magazine butt plate.

• Pull the slide firmly to the rear and release it completely allowing it to carry fully forward. This strips a cartridge from the magazine and seats it in the chamber of the barrel.

• Take this opportunity to look at the loaded chamber indicator. If the loading procedure has been properly followed, you will observe the loaded chamber indicator pin protruding from the back of the slide.

WARNING: NEVER RELY UPON THE LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR ALONE TO VERIFY THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER. THE SUREST METHOD TO DETERMINE THE PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF A ROUND IN THE CHAMBER IS TO VISUALLY CHECK THE CHAMBER OF YOUR FIREARM BY REMOVING THE MAGAZINE AND PULLING AND LOCKING THE SLIDE IN THE OPEN POSITION.

WARNING: THE PISTOL CAN NOW BE FIRED BY PULLING THE TRIGGER TO THE REAR

• If you wish to restore the magazine in your pistol to its full capacity, rotate the decock/safety lever to the down (SAFE) position and leave it in that position.

• Depress the magazine release and remove the magazine from the pistol. Remember that there is a round in the chamber; therefore, the weapon should be holstered or safely secured during this process without touching the trigger. Load one cartridge into the magazine to replace the one which was chambered when you allowed the slide to carry forward.

• Re-insert the loaded magazine into the magazine well of the pistol until it is locked in place. To make sure that the magazine is again fully and securely inserted, apply some removal pressure to the exposed portion of the magazine butt plate.

• Your pistol and its magazine are now fully loaded. Ensure that the decocking safety lever is in the down (SAFE) position. Your pistol is now in a safe condition to be holstered and carried. NEVER HOLSTER, CARRY OR STORE YOUR PISTOL WITH THE HAMMER COCKED. Remember to keep your pistol pointed in a safe direction under all conditions and always keep your finger or any other object off the trigger and outside the trigger guard until you have made the commitment to fire the handgun. Never leave a loaded firearm unattended.
WARNING: ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

WARNING: WEAR EYE AND EAR PROTECTION SPECIFIED FOR FIREARM USE EVERY TIME YOU DISCHARGE YOUR FIREARM. MAKE SURE OTHERS IN THE VICINITY OF WHERE YOU WILL BE SHOOTING DO SO AS WELL.

WARNING: UPON FIRING THE PISTOL OR RELEASING THE SLIDE FROM THE SLIDE STOP, THE SLIDE MOVES REARWARD OR FORWARD WITH SIGNIFICANT FORCE AND SPEED. TO AVOID INJURY, BE SURE NO PART OF YOUR BODY INTERFERES WITH THE SLIDE MOVEMENT OR EJECTION OF THE FIRED CASE.

• Rotate the safety decocking lever fully up into the (FIRE) position. The first shot from this uncocked centerfire pistol will be fired in the double-action mode. As the trigger is drawn fully to the rear, the hammer moves rearward and is released to strike the firing pin. Upon firing, the slide moves rearward thereby extracting and ejecting the spent cartridge case.

• The slide then returns forward feeding the next cartridge from the magazine to the barrel chamber. The hammer remains in the cocked position and the trigger is in the rearward position so that subsequent shots will be fired in single action mode. This sequence can be repeated until the last round has been fired at which time the magazine follower exerts upward pressure on the slide stop causing it to engage the slide and hold it in the “open” position.

WARNING: SINGLE ACTION FIRING REQUIRES SIGNIFICANTLY LESS PRESSURE ON THE TRIGGER AND REDUCED TRIGGER TRAVEL THAN DOUBLE ACTION FIRING.

WARNING: “STAGING” THE TRIGGER VIOLATES A BASIC RULE OF FIREARM SAFETY WHICH WARNS YOU TO KEEP YOUR FINGER OUT OF THE TRIGGER GUARD UNTIL YOU HAVE MADE THE COMMITMENT TO FIRE. “STAGING” CREATES A SERIOUS RISK OF PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH SINCE IT MAY LEAD TO AN UNINTENTIONAL DISCHARGE.

• It has come to our attention that some users of Walther handguns may stage the trigger in anticipation of firing a shot. Staging is the act of pulling the trigger rearward toward – stopping just short of – the point where the hammer falls and the handgun fires. Such manipulation of the trigger can reduce the user's control of the handgun and can result in an unintentional discharge. Furthermore, if the user decides not to fire, release of the trigger from a position close to the firing point in the staging process could result in an unintentional discharge.
• We warn all users of our handguns to never attempt to “stage” the trigger.

**COCKING**

**WARNING:** ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

The first shot may be fired in the single action mode when so desired. You can prepare your pistol for single action firing by pointing the muzzle in a safe direction, ensuring your finger remains off of the trigger, rotating the safety decocking lever fully up into the (FIRE) position, and pulling the hammer spur rearward until it locks into the fully-cocked position.

**WARNING:** THE PISTOL CAN NOW BE FIRED BY PULLING THE TRIGGER TO THE REAR.

**DECOCKING**

**WARNING:** ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

• If you decide not to fire after you have manually cocked the hammer or if you decide to suspend firing, keep the pistol pointed in a safe direction.

• Remove your finger from within the trigger guard.

• Rotate the safety decocking lever fully down into the (SAFE) position (Figure 15). This action will decock the hammer allowing it to fall against the decocking safety body.

• Rotate the safety decocking lever fully up into the (FIRE) position and the trigger will release to its forward position.

• Rotate the safety decocking lever back down into the (SAFE) position. Your pistol is now in a safe condition to be holstered and carried.

**WARNING NEVER HOLSTER, CARRY OR STORE YOUR PISTOL WITH THE HAMMER COCKED**
CLEARING MISFIRES

WARNING: IF YOUR HANDGUN GIVES ANY INDICATION THAT IT IS NOT PERFORMING PROPERLY OR THE OPERATION OF YOUR HANDGUN HAS CHANGED “THE WAY IT FEELS OR SOUNDS”, STOP FIRING. MAKE SURE THE FIREARM IS POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION, UNLOAD THE FIREARM AND HAVE IT INSPECTED AND TEST-FIRED BY A GUNSMITH QUALIFIED TO PERFORM SERVICE ON WALTHER FIREARMS.

• If a cartridge fails to fire, the chamber must be manually cleared.

• Wait ten seconds while keeping the muzzle pointed in a safe direction.

• Rotate the decocking safety lever down into the (SAFE) position.

• Keep your finger off the trigger and out of the trigger guard.

• Remove the magazine.

• Grasp the serrated sides of the slide from the rear and briskly pull the slide fully rearward to eject the misfired round. Do not obstruct the ejection port, and do not attempt to catch the round by placing your hand over the ejection port. Release the slide. Also remember that any time the slide is released while a magazine containing cartridges is in the pistol, you will have reloaded the chamber.

WARNING: WALTHER PPK AND PPK/S PISTOLS ARE DESIGNED SO THAT THEY ARE ABLE TO FIRE WHEN THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED. THEREFORE, IF THE MAGAZINE IS REMOVED FROM THE PISTOL AND THERE IS A LOADED ROUND IN THE CHAMBER, IT WILL FIRE IF THE TRIGGER IS PULLED. AFTER INSERTING A MAGAZINE, ALWAYS TEST TO MAKE SURE IT IS LOCKED IN PLACE BY APPLYING SOME REMOVAL PRESSURE TO THE EXPOSED PORTION OF THE MAGAZINE BUTT PLATE.

• In order to lock the slide open, insert and empty magazine into the pistol, pull the slide fully back and release.

• You are now able to safely check the barrel chamber and bore visually for any obstructions.
UNLOADING

WARNING: ALWAYS KEEP THE MUZZLE POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

• Place the decocking safety lever into the down (SAFE) position.

• Point the pistol in a safe direction and press the magazine release button and remove the magazine.

• Grasp the serrated sides of the slide from the rear with the thumb and fingers as shown in Figure 16, briskly draw the slide fully rearward in order to extract any cartridge from the barrel chamber and clear it from the pistol.

• Unload the magazine by holding it with the bullet end of the cartridge pointing away from you and others and pressing each cartridge forward and out of the magazine.

• After double checking that the magazine is empty, place this unloaded magazine into the firearm.

WARNING: WHEN VIEWING THE LOADED CHAMBER INDICATOR (FIGURE 17), YOU MUST ALWAYS REMEMBER TO KEEP THE FIREARM POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION WITH YOUR FINGER OFF THE TRIGGER AND OUTSIDE OF THE TRIGGER GUARD.

• Grasp the serrated sides of the slide from the rear with the thumb and fingers as shown in Figure 16, briskly draw the slide fully rearward and release. The slide should remain open. Visually check the barrel chamber and bore for any obstructions.

• You must follow this procedure every time your firearm is inspected, cleaned, handed to another person, transported or stored.
ENSURE YOUR FIREARM IS UNLOADED BEFORE ADJUSTING YOUR SIGHTS. AT ALL TIMES FOLLOW THE BASIC FIREARMS SAFETY RULES IN THE SECTION ENTITLED “YOUR SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES”.

WINDAGE
To adjust the strike of the bullet left or right on the target, move the rear sight in the same direction you want the bullets to move. The sight is drift adjustable in a dovetail slot. Use a brass punch or drift and a mallet, and adjust it carefully in small moves, test firing the pistol for group placement after each adjustment. If you use a steel punch or hammer directly on your pistol you will mar, deform and damage it.

• To move the point of impact LEFT, move the rear sight LEFT.
• To move the point of impact RIGHT, move the rear sight RIGHT.

ELEVATION
There is no elevation adjustment on the model PPK or PPK/S pistols.
FIELD STRIPPING /DISASSEMBLY

WARNING: WEAR SAFETY GLASSES EVERY TIME YOU ASSEMBLE OR DISASSEMBLE YOUR FIREARM.

WARNING: KEEP BARREL POINTED IN A SAFE DIRECTION.

WARNING: ALWAYS FOLLOW THE FIELD STRIPPING INSTRUCTIONS EXACTLY. NEVER DO ANYTHING BEYOND WHAT YOU ARE SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED TO DO IN THIS MANUAL. NEVER ALTER OR MODIFY THE PARTS IN YOUR PISTOL.

• Rotate the safety decocking lever into the down (SAFE) position.

• Remove the magazine by depressing the magazine release button and clearing it from the firearm.

• Clear the chamber and verify that it is empty.

• With the pistol unloaded, hold the grip firmly in one hand and put your index finger along the side of the trigger guard. With your other hand, pull down the front of the trigger guard (Figure 18). When the front of the trigger guard comes out of the frame, press it sideways with your index finger to keep it from springing back up into the frame (Figure 19).

• With your free hand, grab the slide by its grooves and pull it all the way back until you can lift the back end up, clear off the frame (Figure 20). Ease the slide forward and off the pistol. Be careful not to let go of the slide while you can still feel the spring tension, or it could fly off of the pistol and be damaged or cause injury.

• Pull the recoil spring off the front of the barrel. No further disassembly is required.

FIGURE 18
FIGURE 19
FIGURE 20
FIGURE 21
WARNING: NEVER DISASSEMBLE YOUR HANDGUN BEYOND THE FIELD STRIPPING PROCESS OUT-LINED IN THIS MANUAL. NEVER MANIPULATE ANY INTERNAL COMPONENTS BEYOND WHAT YOU ARE SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED TO DO IN THIS MANUAL SINCE THIS MAY AFFECT THE RELIABILITY, FUNCTIONING AND SAFETY OF YOUR PISTOL.

FIELD STRIPPING/DISASSEMBLY CONT’D

FIELD STRIPPING /ASSEMBLY

WARNING: ALWAYS FOLLOW THE FIELD STRIPPING INSTRUCTIONS FOR REASSEMBLY FOR YOUR WALTHER PPK/PPKS EXACTLY. NEVER MANIPULATE ANY INTERNAL PARTS BEYOND WHAT YOU ARE SPECIFICALLY INSTRUCTED TO DO IN THIS MANUAL. NEVER ALTER OR MODIFY THE PARTS IN YOUR PISTOL.

• Put the recoil spring, small end first, on the barrel as shown in Figure 21. (If you put it on the large end first, it can fall off when you point it down.) Cock the hammer. Pull the trigger guard down out of the frame as shown in Figure 21.

• Put the slide over the forward end of the recoil spring and pull the slide back onto the barrel all the way until it stops (Figure 22). Then push the rear of the slide down until the grooves inside the slide line up with the rails on the frame. When properly aligned, ease the slide forward all the way. Then let go of the trigger guard so it goes up into the frame.

• Before you load the pistol, check for proper assembly. Look at the breech face (Figures 23 & 24) and in the chamber and barrel, slide the slide back and forth, put an empty magazine in, be sure the slide locks open. Be sure the pistol is unloaded and pointing in a safe direction when you test its functions.
WARNING: WEAR SAFETY GLASSES EVERY TIME YOU ASSEMBLE OR DISASSEMBLE YOUR MAGAZINE.

WARNING: MAGAZINE SPRING IS UNDER PRESSURE. CONTROL THE SPRING AND FOLLOWER SO THAT THEY DO NOT FLY OUT AND CAUSE INJURY.

Refer to Figure 25 for magazine disassembly and reassembly.

**DISASSEMBLY**
- Using a drift punch, depress the floorplate catch (4) through the hole in the floorplate (5).
- Slide the floorplate (5) off of the tube (1) while holding the floorplate catch (4) in the tube (1).
- Remove the floorplate catch (4) and spring (3) out through the bottom of the tube (1).
- Turn the tube (1) right side up and remove the follower (2) through the bottom of the tube (1).

**REASSEMBLY**
- Install follower (2) in the bottom of the tube (1) with the notched edges of the follower (2) toward the round side of the tube (1).
- Install the spring (3) and floorplate catch (4) in the tube (1).
- While holding the floorplate catch (4) in the tube (1), slide the floorplate (5) onto the tube (1) so that the round projection of the floorplate catch (4) engages the floorplate (5).
CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

WARNING: ENSURE THAT YOUR FIREARM IS UNLOADED BEFORE beganning to clean it. (SEe “INsPecTIng YoUR FIREARM” SECTIon). ALWAYS FOLLOW THE RULES OF SAFE FIREARM HANDLING.

WARNING: WEAR SAFETY GLASSES EVERY TIME YOU ASSEMBLE OR DISASSEMBLE YOUR FIREARM AND ATTEMPT CLEANING OR MAINTENANCE.

• Before using your firearm for the first time, it should be cleaned.

• Your firearm was treated at the factory with either a preservative or oil to protect it against corrosion during shipping and storage.

• Preservative and oil should be wiped from the bore, chamber and exposed areas using a clean swab or patch before using the firearm.

CAUTION:
Never disassemble your firearm beyond the instructions in the Field Stripping and Inspection sections of this manual.

• Purchase cleaning supplies from your firearms dealer that are specifically designated for your type and caliber of firearm. Many suppliers offer these in kit form for your convenience.

• Follow the instructions provided with your cleaning supplies.

• Remove excessive firing residue from the bore and chamber using a properly fitted brush.

• Clean the exterior of the firearm using a non-abrasive cleaning cloth.

• After cleaning, lightly coat the metal parts, internal and external with a high quality firearm oil.

Whenever your firearm has been exposed to sand, dust, extreme humidity, water or other adverse conditions, it must be cleaned and lubricated.

ALWAYS HAVE ADEQUATE VENTILATION. CLEANING FIREARMS IN POORLY VENTILATED AREAS, DISCHARGING FIREARMS, OR HANDLING AMMUNITION MAY RESULT IN EXPOSURE TO LEAD AND OTHER SUBSTANCES KNOWN TO CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, REPRODUCTIVE HARM, AND OTHER SERIOUS PHYSICAL INJURY. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER EXPOSURE.
CAUTION:
Always follow the instructions provided with your firearm cleaner and firearm lubricant.

CAUTION:
Some cleaners can cause damage to your firearms. You should avoid prolonged solvent immersion and prolonged ultrasonic cleaning of your firearm. Choice of solvent should be restricted to those products specifically developed for firearms maintenance. Damage to a firearm's finish may occur if these cautions are ignored. Ammoniated solvents or other strong alkaline solvents, should not be used on any Walther firearm. As a rule of thumb, if you would be comfortable applying the solvent of your choice to the finish of your automobile, it will probably be safe for use on your firearm.

Cleaning is essential to ensure the proper functioning of your firearm.

Your firearm is a precision instrument. To ensure reliable function it is necessary to follow a routine maintenance procedure. After firing your firearm, be sure to unload it following the procedure outlined in the section entitled “Inspecting Your Firearm” before performing any cleaning or maintenance procedure.

Remove any firearm cleaning solution, oil and fingerprints from the outside surfaces of the firearm. (Finger moisture, if left, could start a corrosion process).

WARNING: NEVER MANIPULATE, ADJUST OR CHANGE ANY OF THE INTERNAL COMPONENTS OF YOUR FIREARM UNLESS SPECIFICALLY DIRECTED TO DO SO IN THIS MANUAL. IMPROPER MANIPULATION OF ANY INTERNAL COMPONENT MAY AFFECT THE SAFETY AND RELIABILITY OF YOUR FIREARM AND MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

WARNING: ANY MAINTENANCE OR SERVICE NOT SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL MUST BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED GUNSMITH USING GENUINE WALther PARTS. IF YOU DO OTHERWISE, IMPROPER FUNCTIONING OF YOUR FIREARM MAY OCCUR AND SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH MAY RESULT.

If your firearm will be used in a cold climate, be sure to use an oil of an appropriate weight so that it will not congeal in cold temperatures, causing the interaction of important parts to be slowed or halted.
MAINTENANCE BEFORE STORAGE

When storing, do not encase your firearm in anything that will attract or hold moisture, for example, leather or heavy cloth. Also, do not store firearms with a plug inserted in the barrel for this can be a contributing factor to moisture accumulation. If your firearm is to be stored for an extended period, the bore, chambers and internal working mechanism should be oiled with a high quality lubricating oil or preservative intended for firearms. The external working mechanisms and barrel should be coated with an anti-rust oil. Before using your firearm again, be sure to clean it. Every time you clean your firearm, check it for signs of wear. If wear is noted, do not use the firearm. Return it to Walther for service or have it checked by a qualified gunsmith.
LIMITED WARRANTY
FOR OWNERS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES

Within the first year after the date of purchase, WALTHER will repair or replace your defective firearm free of charge provided the defect was not caused by your misuse or negligence.

WALTHER firearms are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Any such defects of which WALTHER receives written notice within one year from the date of purchase by the original owner, will be remedied by WALTHER without charge within a reasonable time after such notification and delivery of the firearm as provided below. Warranty claims (in writing) and the firearm concerned should be delivered to WALTHER’s Warranty Service in its original case or in a similarly secure container.

In addition, a copy of the bill of sale in the owner’s name, or a copy of ATF Form 4473 indicating date of purchase must be included. It is important that the owner comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations in the shipment of firearms to the warranty service center.

Warranty claims should state the model and serial number of the firearm concerned and the description of the difficulty experienced. It is recommended that shipments be insured by the owner, since WALTHER will accept no responsibility for loss or damage in transit. Transportation and insurance charges for return to owner will be paid by WALTHER if the claim is covered by the warranty. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL WALTHER BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES WITH RESPECT TO ECONOMIC LOSS, INJURY, DEATH OR PROPERTY DAMAGE, WHETHER AS A RESULT OF BREACH OF THIS WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE.

Some States do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

WALTHER will not be responsible for:

- Defects or malfunctions resulting from careless handling, unauthorized adjustments or modifications made or attempted by anyone other than a qualified gunsmith following WALTHER authorized procedures, or failure to follow the disassembly or Field Stripping instructions in this manual.

- Use of defective or improper ammunition, corrosion, neglect, abuse, ordinary wear and tear, or unreasonable use.

- Criminal misuse, negligence or use under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights. You may also have other rights that vary from State to State. Note: All liability is excluded in the event that the instructions in this manual are not observed.
Should your Walther firearm require service, it should be returned to Walther at the address above.

- Call or e-mail the Customer Service Dept. for authorization and shipping instructions.

- Ensure that the firearm is unloaded.

- **Do not attempt to ship a firearm via US Postal Service; only federally licensed dealers may ship a firearm by US Postal Service.**

- **DO NOT SHIP ANY AMMUNITION.**

- Enclose a letter which includes your full name and address (no P.O. Boxes, please), daytime telephone number, e-mail address, the serial number of the firearm, and details of the problem experienced (stating the brand and type of ammunition used when the problem occurred) or work desired.

- Record the serial number before shipping, in case you wish to check on the repair status of your firearm.

- Please remove all custom parts and accessories, such as stocks, special sights and scopes, or slings from your firearm before returning.

- Place the firearm in its original case or in a similarly secure container and pack it securely.

- The package must **NOT** bear any markings which indicate the identity of the contents.

- It is most important that you comply with federal, state, and local laws and regulations. The following guidelines are meant to help, but you must seek assistance from the appropriate authorities if necessary.
• If your firearm must be replaced, it may be necessary to ship the replacement to a dealer rather than directly to you. You will be requested to furnish a signed FFL (Federal Firearms License) from your dealer in such an instance.

• Warranty repair work will begin upon receipt and examination of the firearm. In the case of repairs or work not covered by the warranty, a quotation covering the cost of the work plus round trip transportation charges will be sent to you. Repairs or modification will begin upon receipt of payment.

• A parts list can be obtained by contacting Walther Customer Service.

WARNING: YOU MAY PURCHASE ACCESSORIES FOR YOUR WALTHER FIREARM. YOU MUST HAVE SOME OF THESE PARTS INSTALLED BY A GUNSMITH QUALIFIED TO PERFORM SERVICE ON WALTHER FIREARMS. YOU MUST NEVER ATTEMPT TO MODIFY YOUR FIREARM OR INSTALL REPLACEMENT PARTS IN YOUR FIREARM. ALWAYS USE A QUALIFIED WALTHER GUNSMITH EVEN IF THE REPAIR SEEMS TO BE SIMPLE.
This handgun is not equipped with a device that fully blocks use by unauthorized users. More than 200,000 firearms like this one are stolen from their owners every year in the United States. In addition, there are more than a thousand suicides each year by younger children and teenagers who get access to firearms. Hundreds more die from accidental discharge. It is likely that many more children sustain serious wounds or inflict such wounds accidentally on others. In order to limit the chance of such misuse, it is imperative that you keep this weapon locked in a secure place and take other steps necessary to limit the possibility of theft or accident. Failure to take reasonable preventative steps may result in innocent lives being lost, and in some circumstances may result in your liability for these deaths.

The certification below is required only for handguns sold in the United States with a barrel length shorter than 3”.
Walther hereby certifies average accuracy test results for all new hand-guns with a barrel shorter than 3” as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distance (yards)</th>
<th>Average (inches)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>3.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This certification is based on tests conducted by Walther, using a fixed handgun, rest and firing ammunition manufactured by a member of the Shooting Arms and Ammunition Manufacturers Institute (SAAMI) as defined in ANSI/SAAMI Z299.3-1993.

This certification represents actual tests based on several handguns, selected at random. Your particular handgun may have accuracy better than the results stated in this certification.